Big Data, Hadoop, Map-Reduce



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- Big Data Technology Stack
- Hadoop definition and ecosystem
- .HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System)
- .YARN (Yet Another Resource Manager)
- Map-Reduce Programming Model
- Streaming Data Processing
- Complementary Technologies
- Three Trend Topics

Big Data Technology Stack

Big Data Tech Stack



Big Data Technology Stack





Big Data Technology Stack

http://edgeoftesting.com

20.12.2016





Open sourced, flexible and high-avail

What Is Apache Hadoop?

The Apache Hadoop software library is a **framework** that allows for the **distributed processing** of **large data sets** across **clusters of computers** using **simple programming models**. It is designed to scale up from single servers to **thousands of machines**, each offering local computation and storage. Rather than rely on hardware to deliver high-availability, the library itself is designed to **detect and handle failures** at the **application laye**r, so delivering a **highly-available service** on top of a cluster of computers, each of which may be prone to failures.

The project includes these modules:

Hadoop Common: The common utilities that support the other Hadoop modules.

Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS[™]): A distributed file system that provides high-throughput access to application data.

Hadoop YARN: A framework for job scheduling and cluster resource management.

Hadoop MapReduce: A YARN-based system for parallel processing of large data sets.

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Ambari





HDFS Architecture (SPOF ???)

HDFS Architecture



NameNode & Secondary NameNode





Secondary NameNode



YARN (Yet Another Resource Manager)

The fundamental idea of YARN is to split up the functionalities of resource management and job scheduling/monitoring into separate daemons. The idea is to have a global ResourceManager (RM) and per-application ApplicationMaster (AM). An application is either a single job or a DAG of jobs.

The ResourceManager and the NodeManager form the data-computation framework. The ResourceManager is the ultimate authority that arbitrates resources among all the applications in the system. The NodeManager is the per-machine framework agent who is responsible for containers, monitoring their resource usage (cpu, memory, disk, network) and reporting the same to the ResourceManager/Scheduler.

Theoper-application Application Master is, in effect, a

How YARN Works



3 mapper, 1 reducer



Figure 2-3. MapReduce data flow with a single reduce task



3 mapper, 2 reducer



Figure 2-4. MapReduce data flow with multiple reduce tasks

A bit details



More detailed







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Questions ?

Thank you !